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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The financial statements of Town of Fogo Island have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS). When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances. These statements include certain amounts based on management's estimates and judgments. Management has determined such amounts based on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The integrity and reliability of Town of Fogo Island's reporting systems are achieved through the use of formal policies and procedures, the careful selection of employees and an appropriate division of responsibilities. These systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate.

The Town Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. The Council carries out this responsibility principally through its Finance Committee. The Finance Committee is appointed by the Council and meets periodically with management and the councillors' auditors to review significant accounting, reporting and internal control matters. Following its review of the financial statements and discussions with the auditors, the Finance Committee reports to the Town Council prior to its approval of the financial statements. The Committee also considers, for review by the Council and approval by the councillors, the engagement or re-appointment of the external auditors.

The financial statements have been audited on behalf of the councillors by Richard K Power, CPA, Professional Corporation, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Mr. Wayne Collins, Mayor

Ms Daphne Coles, Town Clerk

Fogo Island Central, NL August 31, 2021

Fax 709.433.3166





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Councillors of Town of Fogo Island

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Town of Fogo Island (the Town), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus. changes in net financial assets (debt) and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town as at December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Town in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

I draw attention to Note 11 to the financial statements, which describes the global COVID-19 pandemic declared by the World Health Organization. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial **Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Councillors of Town of Fogo Island (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Clarenville, Newfoundland and Labrador August 31, 2021

Chartered Professional Accountant Richard K Power, FCPA, Professional Corporation

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2020

		2020		2019
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	\$	919,999	\$	818,777
Cash - restricted		34,005		-
Accounts receivable (Note 5)		706,464		532,201
		1,660,468		1,350,978
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)		295,886		436,757
Deferred income (Note 7)		34,005		1,490
Long term debt (Note 8)		1,240,181		1,212,313
		1,570,072		1,650,560
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	-	90,396		(299,582)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 4)		25,859,090		26,877,793
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$	25,949,487	\$	26,578,211

ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL

Mayor

Laphne Loft

Town Clerk

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2020

	(5	Budget Schedule 5)	2020	2019
REVENUES (Schedule 2)				
Taxation	\$	1,937,992	\$ 1,939,046	\$ 1,854,862
Sales of good and services		170,100	110,491	184,549
Grants and transfers		632,802	791,056	1,187,213
Investment income		47,200	55,784	46,963
Other revenue		21,400	1,242	5,877
Transfer from reserves		811,641	 	 -
		3,621,135	 2,897,619	 3,279,464
EXPENSES (Schedule 3)				
General Government services		1,758,367	1,972,927	1,844,065
Protective Services		173,013	134,621	130,022
Transportation		378,007	151,395	170,098
Environmental Health Services		736,292	694,499	784,658
Regional Planning and development		38,250	40,808	115,416
Recreation and cultural services		422,206	434,071	596,949
Fiscal Services		115,000	98,022	217,789
		3,621,135	3,526,343	 3,858,997
ANNUAL DEFICIT		-	(628,724)	(579,533)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF				
YEAR		26,578,211	26,578,211	27,157,744
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	\$	26,578,211	\$ 25,949,487	\$ 26,578,211

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Debt) Year Ended December 31, 2020

	(8	Budget Schedule 5)	 2020	····	2019
ANNUAL DEFICIT	\$	-	\$ (628,724)	\$	(579,533)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Purchase of tangible capital assets		1,244,814 -	1,244,814 (226,112)		1,224,616 (640,690)
		1,244,814	1,018,702		583,926
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		1,244,814	389,978		4,393
NET FINANCIAL DEBT - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(299,582)	(299,582)		(303,975)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT) - END OF YEAR	\$	945,232	\$ 90,396	\$	(299,582)

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020	 2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Deficit	\$	(628,724)	\$ (579,533)
Item not affecting cash:		4.044.044	
Amortization of tangible capital assets		1,244,814	1,224,616
		616,090	645,083
Changes in non-cash working capital:			
Accounts receivable		(174,263)	(26,523)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(140,872)	(23,454)
Deferred income		32,515	1,490
		(282,620)	(48,487)
Cash flow from operating activities		333,470	 596,596
CAPITAL ACTIVITY			
Purchase of tangible capital assets	-	(226,112)	 (640,690)
Cash flow used by capital activity		(226,112)	(640,690)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from long term financing		217,044	-
Repayment of long term debt		(189,175)	(214,926)
Cash flow from (used by) financing activities		27,869	 (214,926)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW		135,227	(259,020)
Cash - beginning of year		818,777	1,077,797
CASH - END OF YEAR		954,004	 818,777
CASH CONSISTS OF:			
Cash and temporary investments	\$	919,999	\$ 818,777
Cash - restricted		34,005	
	\$	954,004	\$ 818,777

1. Nature of operations

The incorporated Town of Fogo Island is a municipal government that was incorporated pursuant to the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador's Municipalities Act. The Municipality provides or funds municipal services such as public works, sanitation and waste removal, street lighting, fire protection, parks and recreation, and other general government operations.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and reflect the following significant accounting policies:

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon the receipt of goods and services or the creation of an obligation to pay.

Cash and temporary investments

Cash and temporary investments include cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

(continues)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is put into use and one-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

General Tangible Capital Assets

Land	Indefinite	straight-line method
Land improvements	10 to 50 years	straight-line method
Buildings	25 to 40 years	straight-line method
Computer hardware and software	4 years	straight-line method
Machinery and equipment	5 to 25 years	straight-line method
Infrastructure		
Land	Indefinite	
Road surface	5 to 20 years	straight-line method
Road grade	30 Years	straight-line method
Water and Sewer		
Land	indefinite	straight-line method
Land improvements	50 Years	straight-line method
Buildings	25 to 40 years	straight-line method

Tangible capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

15 years

straight-line method

Revenue recognition policy

Machinery and equipment

Revenues are recognized as earned and when collection is reasonably assured. Tax rates are approved annually by Council.

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the financial statements in the period which events give rise to the transfers occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for the public sector requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(continues)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

The manner in which the accounts have been kept and the safeguards against fraud

The Municipality's position in these respects was considered satisfactory.

4. Sufficiency of bonds

As required by Section 71 of the Municipalities Act, 1999, I report that all employees collecting, receiving and depositing cash are bonded. The policy details specific types of coverage up to \$50,000. In my opinion, this coverage is adequate.

5. Accounts receivable

		2020		2019
Property tax	\$	260,894	\$	152,186
Poll tax	·	61,604	•	41,392
Business tax		101,480		50,776
Water and sewer tax		134,665		86,425
Interest		138,753		103,030
HST receivable		104,400		169,301
Government funding		-		96,353
Miscellaneous		163,795		85,796
		965,591		785,259
Less allowances for doubtful amounts		(259,127)		(253,058)
	\$	706,464	\$	532,201

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	 2020	2019
Trade	\$ 192,171	\$ 329,293
Prepaid taxes	45,319	49,054
Accrued wages	38,505	40,381
Government remittances	 19,891	 18,029
	 295,886	\$ 436,757

7. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue relates to Gas Tax funding received for capital projects in advance.

8.	Long term debt			
		_	2020	 2019
	Scotiabank loan bearing interest at prime plus 1% per annum, repayable in monthly principal payments of \$5,745 plus interest. The loan matures on February 21, 2031 and is related to an infrastructure project.	\$	694,695	\$ 760,452
	Scotiabank loan bearing interest at prime plus 1% per annum, repayable in monthly principal payments of \$2,195 plus interest. The loan matures on July 1, 2031 and is related to an infrastructure project.		276,577	302,917
	Scotiabank loan bearing interest at prime plus 1% per annum, repayable in monthly principal payments of \$3,283 plus interest. The loan matures on February 28, 2023 and is related to a plow and sander truck.		88,606	128,002
	Scotiabank loan bearing interest at 3.84% per annum, repayable in annual payments of \$3,982. The loan matures on January 21, 2025.		180,303	-
	NMFC loan repaid during the year.		-	7,471
	NMFC loan,repaid during the year.		-	13,471
_		\$	1,240,181	\$ 1,212,313

Financial instruments

The Municipality, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion the Municipality is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments, except as otherwise disclosed. Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values.

10. Budget

In accordance with the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador's Municipalities Act, every council must adopt a financial plan for each fiscal period in a form approved by the minister. The financial plan is prepared on a revenue and expenditure basis that does not meet the recommendations of PSAB. For comparative purposes, the Town has modified its financial plan to prepare a budget that is consistent with the scope and accounting principles used to report the actual results. The budget figures used in these financial statements have been approved by Council.

The reconciliation between the Municipality's cash based financial plan and the PSAB accrual based budget figures used in these statements is disclosed in Schedule 4 - Reconciliation of the Financial Plan to the Budget.

11. COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies.

Management is uncertain of the effects of these changes on its financial statements and believes that any disturbance may be temporary; however, there is uncertainty about the length and potential impact of the disturbance.

As a result, we are unable to estimate the potential impact on the Town's operations as at the date of these financial statements.

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Schedule of Revenues (Schedule 1) Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020	2019
Taxation			
Property tax	\$	881,073	\$ 837,195
Poll tax		48,957	38,472
Business tax		469,629	450,643
Water and sewer tax		539,387	528,552
		1,939,046	1,854,862
Sale of Goods and Service			
Recreation and cultural services		78,927	154,649
Water supply		11,300	13,450
Other sales of goods and services		20,262	16,450
		110,489	184,549
Grants Government of Newfoundland and Labrador			
Municipal operating grants		395,519	395,519
Municipal capital grants		-	199,573
Gas Tax revenue Other provincial grants		3,739 391,798	- 592,121
Other provincial granto		791,056	1,187,213
		131,000	1,107,210
Investment income			
Interest from investments		55,784	46,963
Other Income			
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets		-	571
Miscellaneous		1,242	5,306
		1,242	5,877
Total Revenues	¢	2,897,619	\$ 3,279,464

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Schedule of Expenses (Schedule 2) Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020		2019
General Government				
Common Services	\$	398,797	\$	350,250
General Administrative	·	304,307	•	267,322
Other general government services		25,008		1,877
Amortization of capital assets		1,244,815		1,224,616
		1,972,927		_
	•	1,912,921		1,844,065
Protective services				
Fire		134,621		130,022
Transportation services				
Road, street sidewalk maintenance		151,395		170,098
Environmental health services				
Water supply		473,481		552,733
Sewage collection and disposal		44,856		51,655
Garbage and waste collection and disposal		176,162		180,270
Outbage and waste concentrated disposal				
		694,499		784,658
Planning and zoning		5,762		64,161
Community improvement and development		6,158		6,707
Regional development		24,590		32,856
Tourism and marketing		4,298		11,692
		40,808		115,416
Recreational and cultural services				
Recreation administration		18,406		50,684
Skating and curling rinks		169,753		231,336
Parks and playgrounds		4,715		15,645
Other recreation and cultural services		241,197		299,284
		434,071		596,949
Fiscal Services				
Long term interest		46,599		71,569
Provision for uncollectible taxes, fees and charges		42,293		146,220
Early payment discounts		9,130		<u> </u>
	· <u> </u>	98,022		217,789
T-1-1 F	•	0.500.040	•	
Total Expenses	\$	3,526,343	\$	3,858,997

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND

Statement of Operations by Revenue and Expense Type Year Ended December 31, 2020

(Schedule 3)

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
Taxation	\$ 1,939,046	\$ 1,854,864
Sales of goods and services	110,491	
Operating grants	703,937	799,242
Investment income	55,784	46,963
Other	6,192	5,877
	2,815,450	2,891,495
Operating Expenses		
Personnel services	1,006,786	1,005,320
Contract Services	272,015	
Utilities	243,184	255,917
Maintenance materials and supplies	615,734	811,254
Interest on long term debt	43,414	
Other	100,395	301,680
	2,281,528	2,634,384
Annual Operating Surplus	533,922	257,111
Capital Revenues		
Capital grants	82,168	387,973
Capital Expense		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,244,815	1,224,618
Annual capital deficit	(1,162,647)	(836,645
Annual Deficit	\$ (628,725)) \$ (579,534

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets (*Schedule 4*) Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Ger	neral C	General Capital Assets	ets			Infrastructure	ructu	ē		Totals	w	
Cost	Land	Land and Land Improvements	Build Lea Impro	Buildings and Leasehold mprovements	ĕ	Vehicles and Equipment		Roads and Street		Water and Sewer		2020		2019
Opening cost Additions during the year	↔	6,521	φ	6,658,668	↔	2,594,932	↔	3,918,110	⇔	35,404,438 66,117	₩	48,582,669 \$ 226,112		47,941,979
Closing costs		6,521		6,740,560		2,667,013		3,924,132		35,470,555		48,808,781	4	48,582,669
Accumulated Amortization Opening accum'd amortization Amortization		1 1	69	3,506,827		1,817,664		1,872,533		14,507,848		21,704,872	28	20,480,256
Closing accum'd amortization		1		3,755,095		1,925,875		2,052,221		15,216,496		22,949,686	~	21,704,872
Net Book Value of TCA	↔	6,521	\$	2,985,465	છ	741,138	∨	1,871,911 \$ 20,254,059	€>	20,254,059	S	25,859,090 \$		26,877,793

TOWN OF FOGO ISLAND

Reconciliation of the Financial Plan to Budget (Schedule 5) Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Financial Plan	Amortization (TCA)	Interest Expense	Transfers	PSAB Budget
Revenues Taxation Sale of goods and services Grants	₩	1,937,992 170,100 632,802	, ,		₩	1,937,992 170,100 632,802
Investments Other revenue Transfers from (to) reserves		47,200 21,400			811,641	47,200 21,400 811,641
Total Revenues		2,809,494				3,621,135
Expenses General government services		513,553	1,244,814			1,758,367
Protective services Transportation services		173,013 378,007				173,013 378,007
Environmental health services Regional planning and development Recreation and cultural Services		736,292 38,250 422,206				736,292 38,250
Fiscal services Capital expenditures		197.833	ı	ı	(197 833)	422,200
Debt charges Other		285,340 115,000		(285,340)	(2004)	115,000
Total Expenses	!	2,859,494	1,244,814	(285,340)	(197,833)	3,621,135
Surplus (deficit)	↔	(50,000) \$	(1,244,814)	\$ 285,340	\$ 197,833 \$	•